



Project Group Business & Information Systems Engineering

Discussion Paper

Should We Stay or Should We Go? Analyzing Continuance of Cloud Enterprise Systems

by

Sebastian Walther, Darshana Sedera¹, Nils Urbach, Torsten Eymann, Boris Otto², Saonee Sarker³

appears in: Journal of Information Technology Theory and Application, 2018, 19, 2, pp. 57-88

The final publication is available at: <http://aisel.aisnet.org/jitta/vol19/iss2/4 >

¹ Monash University, Australia

² Technical University of Dortmund, Germany

³ University of Virginia, USA

University of Augsburg, D-86135 Augsburg Visitors: Universitätsstr. 12, 86159 Augsburg Phone: +49 821 598-4801 (Fax: -4899)

University of Bayreuth, D-95440 Bayreuth Visitors: Wittelsbacherring 10, 95444 Bayreuth Phone: +49 921 55-4710 (Fax: -844710)







Should We Stay, or Should We Go? Analyzing Continuance of Cloud Enterprise Systems

Sebastian Walther

University of Bayreuth, Germany sebastian.walther@uni-bayreuth.de

Nils Urbach

University of Bayreuth, Germany nils.urbach@uni-bayreuth.de

Boris Otto

Technical University of Dortmund, Germany boris.otto@tu-dortmund.de

Darshana Sedera

Monash University, Australia Darshana.sedera@gmail.com

Torsten Eymann

University of Bayreuth, Germany torsten.eymann@uni-bayreuth.de

Saonee Sarker

University of Virginia, USA ss2kh@comm.virginia.edu

Abstract:

As cloud computing has become a mature technology broadly being adopted by companies across all industries, cloud service providers are increasingly turning their attention to retaining their customers. However, only little research has been conducted on investigating the antecedents of service continuance in an organizational context. To address this gap in research, we carried out a quantitative-empirical study. We developed a conceptual model that builds on previous research on organizational level continuance. We tested this model, using survey data gathered from decision makers of companies which have adopted cloud enterprise systems. The data was analyzed using PLS. The results show that continuance intention can be predicted both by socio-organizational and technology-related factors, explaining 55.9% of the dependent variable's variance. Besides cloud-specific findings, the study also enhances knowledge in organizational level system continuance as well as its connection to IS success.

Keywords: Cloud computing, Enterprise systems, Organizational-level analysis, Organizational benefits, IS success